capacity of the trainee and subject to the limitations of the Act. The Department of Veterans Affairs subsidizes these wage rates up to approximately 80 p.c. of the amount the trainee will receive from the employer on completion of the subsidized training period.

From the inception of the Vocational Training Scheme until March, 1948, some 78,786 veterans had been granted allowances to enable them to take advantage of the training:—

Year and Month	No.	Year and Month	No.
November, 1941 – March, 1942 April, 1942 – March, 1943 April, 1943 – March, 1944 April, 1944 – March, 1945		April, 1945 – March, 1946	46,374 6,980

The following subdivision of veterans according to the province in which the application for training was approved, is based upon Department of Veterans Affairs districts (applications approved at Head Office were for training outside Canada) and is liable to minor error where D.V.A. district boundaries and provincial boundaries do not coincide:—

Prince Edward Island 445 Saskatchewan 5,16 Nova Scotia 4,107 Alberta 6,50 New Brunswick 2,840 British Columbia 8,60	Province	No.	Province	No.
Quebec 11,845 Head Office 8 Ontario 30.566 Total 78,78 Manitoba 7,838 Total 78,78	Nova Scotia	4,107 2,840 11,845 30,566	Alberta British Columbia Head Office	6,509 8,657 815

The status of the 13,215 veterans actually in receipt of allowances on Mar. 31, 1948, was as follows:—

Nature of Training		Women	Total
	No.	No.	No.
In schools and training centres		1,218	9,699
		49	2,341
		31	131
		5	993
		3	51
Totals	11,909	1,306	13,215

In addition to the above there were 371 men who were training-on-the-job without allowances, due to the fact that employer-trainers pay self-sustaining wages prior to the expiration of the training period.

As would be expected, certain trades and occupations account for the majority of the trainees; 250 or more approvals for training have been made in each of the following trades. The reason for the difference in the totals given above and that